

Package ‘webdeveloper’

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Type Package

Title Functions for Web Development

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Description Organizational framework for web development in R including functions to serve static and dynamic content via HTTP methods, includes the html5 package to create HTML pages, and offers other utility functions for common tasks related to web development.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends httpuv, html5

Imports stringi

Suggests dbWebForms, pgTools

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castDateString	<i>Format a date string as " from a SQL database to a format compatible with a HTML date input value.</i>
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Description

Format a date string as " from a SQL database to a format compatible with a HTML date input value.

Usage

```
castDateString(x)
```

Arguments

x A string.

Value

A string, formatted YYYY-MM-DD.

Examples

```
castDateString(Sys.time())
```

castNumeric	<i>Convert strings to numeric if possible, otherwise remains as is.</i>
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Description

Convert strings to numeric if possible, otherwise remains as is.

Usage

```
castNumeric(x)
```

Arguments

x A string.

Value

A string, converted to numeric if possible.

Examples

```
castNumeric("100")
```

doubleQuoteText	<i>Add double quotes to strings.</i>
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Description

Add double quotes to strings.

Usage

```
doubleQuoteText(x, char_only = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A string.
char_only	TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, adds quotes only if is.character(x) is TRUE.

Value

A string, with double quotes added.

Examples

```
doubleQuoteText("Sample quotes.")
```

endServer	<i>Stop HTTP server(s) by calling httpuv::stopServer() or httpuv::stopAllServers().</i>
-----------	---

Description

Stop HTTP server(s) by calling httpuv::stopServer() or httpuv::stopAllServers().

Usage

```
endServer(x = NULL, all = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	A server object that was previously returned from serveHTTP.
all	TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, calls httpuv::stopAllServers.

Value

Nothing.

Examples

```
endServer(all = TRUE)
```

fromInput	<i>Prepare values collected from HTML forms to save to a SQL database by calling quoteText. If x is "", returns "NULL".</i>
-----------	---

Description

Prepare values collected from HTML forms to save to a SQL database by calling quoteText. If x is "", returns "NULL".

Usage

```
fromInput(x)
```

Arguments

x	A vector of length 1.
---	-----------------------

Value

A string, if x is "", returns "NULL".

Examples

```
fromInput("Test")
fromInput("100")
fromInput(100)
fromInput("")
```

jsonStr *Format data as a JSON object (like this: "x": "120").*

Description

Format data as a JSON object (like this: "x": "120").

Usage

```
jsonStr(name, val)
```

Arguments

name	A string, the name of the JSON entry
val	A string, the value to associate with the JSON entry.

Value

A string, data formatted as a JSON object.

Examples

```
jsonStr(name = "var1", val = "Blue")
```

paramList *Parse HTTP parameter strings.*

Description

Parse HTTP parameter strings.

Usage

```
paramList(
  x,
  split = "&",
  custom_decode = list(pattern = c("+"), replacement = c(" "))
)
```

Arguments

x	A parameter string, likely accessed from req[["rook.input"]]\$read_lines().
split	The character to use to split the parameter string into constituent parameters.
custom_decode	A named list, must consist of list(pattern = c(...), replacement = c(...)) where pattern contains characters to decode that are not included in utils::URLencode and replacement contains the character to replace the character passed in the same indexed position in pattern.

Value

A list, with names being parameter names and values being parameter values.

Examples

```
paramList("?param1=Test&param2=1234&param3=Example")
```

quoteText	<i>Add single quotes to strings, useful for converting R strings into SQL formatted strings.</i>
-----------	--

Description

Add single quotes to strings, useful for converting R strings into SQL formatted strings.

Usage

```
quoteText(x, char_only = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A string.
char_only	TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, adds quotes only if is.character(x) is TRUE.

Value

A string, with single quotes added to match postgresSQL string formatting.

Examples

```
quoteText("Sample quotes.")
```

sampleStr	<i>Generates (pseudo)random strings of the specified char length.</i>
-----------	---

Description

Generates (pseudo)random strings of the specified char length.

Usage

```
sampleStr(char)
```

Arguments

char	A integer, the number of chars to include in the output string.
------	---

Value

A string.

Examples

```
sampleStr(10)
```

serveHTTP	<i>Conveniently create HTTP server using <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> or <code>httpuv::runServer()</code>.</i>
-----------	--

Description

Conveniently create HTTP server using `httpuv::startServer()` or `httpuv::runServer()`.

Usage

```
serveHTTP(  
  host = "127.0.0.1",  
  port = 5001,  
  persistent = FALSE,  
  static = list(),  
  dynamic = list()  
)
```

Arguments

host	A string that is a valid IPv4 or IPv6 address that is owned by this server, which the application will listen on. "0.0.0.0" represents all IPv4 addresses and ":::0" represents all IPv6 addresses. Refer to host parameter of <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> for more details.
port	The port number to listen on. Refer to port parameter of <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> for more details.
persistent	TRUE/FALSE. If FALSE, calls <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> , which returns back to the R session (and would therefore not work with launching a persistent server through a system service as the R session would continue and likely exit/end). If TRUE, calls <code>httpuv::runServer()</code> , which does not return to the R session unless an error or interruption occurs and is suitable for use with system services to start or stop a server.
static	A named list, names should be URL paths, values should be paths to the files to be served statically (such as a HTML file saved somewhere).
dynamic	A named list, names should be URL paths, values should be named vectors with vector names equaling a HTTP method (such as "GET" or "POST") and the values being expressions that when evaluated return a named list with valid entries for status, headers, and body as specified by <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> . Refer to <code>httpuv::startServer()</code> for more details on what can be returned as the response. ex. <code>list("/") = c("GET" = expression(get_function(req)), "POST" = expression(post_function(req)))</code>

Details

serveHTTP is a convenient way to start a HTTP server that works for both static and dynamically created pages. It offers a simplified and organized interface to `httpuv::startServer()/httpuv::runServer()` that makes serving static and dynamic pages easier. For dynamic pages, the expression evaluated when a browser requests a dynamically served path should likely be an expression wrapping a function that has "req" as a parameter. Per the Rook specification implemented by httpuv, "req" is the R environment in which browser request information is collected. Therefore, to access HTTP request headers, inputs, etc. in a function served by a dynamic path, "req" should be a parameter of that function. For the dynamic parameter of serveHTTP, `list("/", = c("GET" = expression(get_homepage(req))))` would be a suitable way to call the function `get_homepage(req)` when the root path of a website is requested with the GET method. The req environment has the following variables: `request_method = req$REQUEST_METHOD`, `script_name = req$SCRIPT_NAME`, `path_info = req$PATH_INFO`, `query_string = req$QUERY_STRING`, `server_name = req$SERVER_NAME`, `server_port = req$SERVER_PORT`, `headers = req$HEADERS`, `rook_input = req[["rook.input"]]$read_lines()`, `rook_version = req[["rook.version"]]$read_lines()`, `rook_url_scheme = req[["rook.url_scheme"]]$read_lines()`, `rook_error_stream = req[["rook.errors"]]$read_lines()`

Value

A HTTP web server on the specified host and port.

Examples

```
# Run both functions and go to http://127.0.0.1:5001/ in a web browser
get_example <- function(req){

  html <- html_doc(
    head(),
    body(
      h1("Hello"),
      p("Here is a list of some of the variables included in the req environment
that were associated with this request:"),
      ul(
        li(paste0("req$REQUEST_METHOD = ", req$REQUEST_METHOD)),
        li(paste0("req$SCRIPT_NAME = ", req$SCRIPT_NAME)),
        li(paste0("req$PATH_INFO = ", req$PATH_INFO)),
        li(paste0("req$QUERY_STRING = ", req$QUERY_STRING)),
        li(paste0("req$SERVER_NAME = ", req$SERVER_NAME)),
        li(paste0("req$SERVER_PORT = ", req$SERVER_PORT))
      ),
      p("You can use paramList() to deal with inputs passed through query strings as
well as passed through the input stream."),
      p("params <- paramList(req[["rook.input"]]$read_lines()) will give you a
named list of parameters.")
    )
  )
  return(
    list(
      status = 200L,
      headers = list('Content-Type' = 'text/html'),
      body = html
    )
  )
}
```



```

)
)
}

serveHTTP(
  host = "127.0.0.1",
  port = 5001,
  persistent = FALSE,
  static = list(),
  dynamic = list(
    "/" = c(
      "GET" = expression(get_example(req))
    )
  )
)
)
)

```

smart_options	<i>Creates HTML option tags for each position of a list of values and labels by calling <code>html5::option()</code>, returning a string of HTML to pass to a select tag through <code>html5::select()</code>.</i>
---------------	--

Description

Creates HTML option tags for each position of a list of values and labels by calling `html5::option()`, returning a string of HTML to pass to a select tag through `html5::select()`.

Usage

```
smart_options(x, value, label, selected_value, add_blank = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	A named list, one name should refer to a vector of values, one name should refer to a vector of labels equal in length to the values.
value	The name of the position in x to use as the value attribute for each option tag.
label	The name of the position in x to use as the displayed content for each option tag.
selected_value	A value in the vector passed as value to mark as the initially selected option in the select tag.
add_blank	TRUE/FALSE, if TRUE, adds a blank ("") option tag.

Value

A string, with an option tag each row of x.

Examples

```
smart_options(  
  x = list(col1 = c("1", "2", "3"), col2 = c("New York", "Los Angeles", "Chicago")),  
  value = "col1",  
  label = "col2",  
  selected_value = "3",  
  add_blank = TRUE  
)
```

toInput

Replace NA values with "", useful for passing values to HTML tags.

Description

Replace NA values with "", useful for passing values to HTML tags.

Usage

```
toInput(x)
```

Arguments

x A vector of length 1.

Value

A string, if x is NA, returns "".

Examples

```
toInput(NA)
```

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